



# The ECOPOTENTIAL implementation: working with PAs



Funded by the European Union



The use of Sentinel for conservation and environmental monitoring provide us new way of working

Antonis Tsakirakis, Samaria National Park



The use of Sentinel data has improved the control and management of high altitude grasslands providing plenty of information for remote areas

Ramona Viterbi, Gran Paradiso national Park



“The EODESM system provides timely information on wetland conditions and dynamics that determine the distribution of flora and fauna species. This can assist in efforts to ensure planning of conservation management”

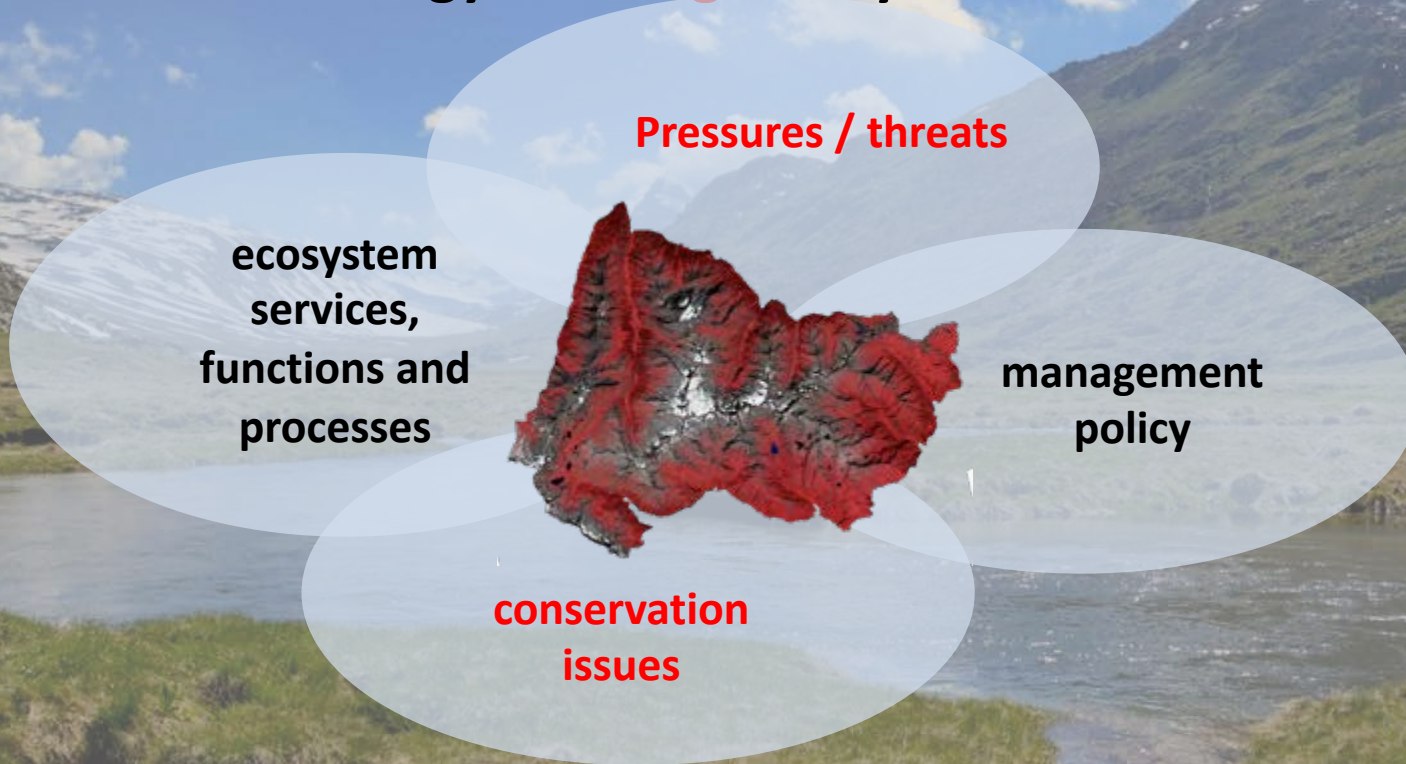
Ricardo Díaz-Delgado (EBD Doñana ) and Loïc Willm (Camargue ).



Silvia Gamberini – CNR and the ECOPOTENTIAL Community of Practice  
Geneva, 24/10/2019  
ECOPOTENTIAL-GEO workshop



Research strategy **co-designed** by scientists and PA staff:



*Address  
Conservation  
issues*

*Identify  
IS/RS data*

*Develop  
Ecological  
models*

*Set knowledge-  
based management  
policy*

**Project workflow**

## Premise: Nature conservation needs open data for knowledge informed management

**Many advantages** offered by  
ECOPOTENTIAL / EO / RS data:  
Spatial distributed data, frequent  
revisiting, time series, automatic  
detection, money saving....

.....We know it!!


### BUT

“PA people” reported to us also some  
difficulties / constraints:


- RS Proxies not always depicting reality
- Are essential variables really useful?
- Difficulties in discovering reliable and complete datasets
- Difficulty in managing complex IT technologies
- Need of training and support
- Language barriers



This proxy is not useful to me!



I need to find  
complete datasets  
easily in a unique reliable  
repository



RS derived maps  
would make my job easier, but I don't  
have time to learn how to run  
the software myself!

Research Threads (Storylines): 25 protected areas - 23 "storylines" co-designed with park managers and staff

- only 2 discontinued

- A **survey** on results at the end of 4 years of scientific collaborations revealed the following number of cases:

## Co-designed research produced:

In situ data	13
Remote Sensing data	18
Models/apps/algoritms	18
Publications (*)	14

## Level of interaction Researchers / PAs

very good	good	fair	poor
6	6	5	4

## Results applied by PAs

YES	NOT YET	NO PLANS
6	7	7

(\*)= the number of publications directly generated by research threads in PAs is around 70 over 130+





## *“The best of possible worlds”:*

Research co-designed, long term collaborations,  
results adopted by PA managers

**Key of success: long – term collaboration**

6 case  
studies

## *“Almost there”:*

Research co-designed, no LT collaboration, results not  
yet applied

**High TRL products need further resources and  
long term projects**

7 case  
studies

## *“Knowledge made available”:*

Research not so co-designed, results freely shared – no  
application plans by PAs in the short term

**The enhanced knowledge of ES can be  
generalised to other PAs**

7 case  
studies



what are the factors that influence the application of co-designed research results?

		<i>total cases</i>	<i>poor involvement / lack of commitment</i>	<i>need more time / poor TRL</i>	<i>lack of HR/money/capacity</i>	<i>research too broad</i>	<i>other priorities/policy</i>
WHY RESULT NOT/NOT YET APPLIED	NOT APPLIED	7	5	1	2	3	2
	NOT YET	7	0	3	3	1	3
		<i>total cases</i>	<i>involvement of PA</i>	<i>high TRL</i>	<i>human resources/capacity</i>		
WHY RESULTS APPLIED		6	5	1	5		

Commitment of PA and human resources are the major factor of success/not success

**High/low TRL is a limiting factor in the "not yet" case in <50% times, together with other causes**

"Research too broad" identified as limiting factor only when the involvement of PA is scarce

Other priorities/lack of policy and lack of HR are equally distributed in NOT/NOT YET cases



# Lesson learned from the users' workshops: can we overcome the obstacles?



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## EO data: user needs for conservation management:

### What did PA staff reported to us



RS Proxies sometimes not depicting reality  
Are Essential variables really useful?



Research, research, research...  
In Situ + RS data complementary

Difficult to discover reliable and complete  
data sets  
IT technologies are too complex  
Will the data repositories last for many  
years?



Unique entry points  
Clear pathways to reach data  
Easy-to-use products  
Long-living and authoritative sources

More training and support  
English is a language barrier



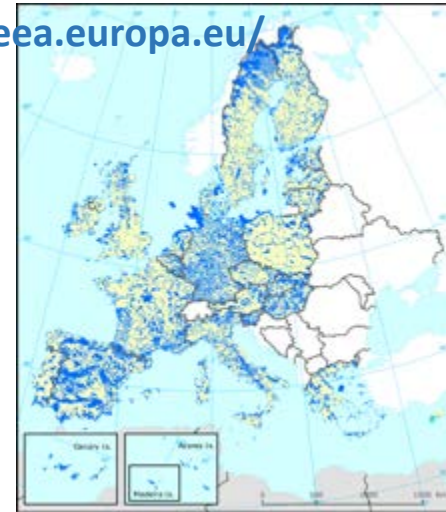
- Support services and training
- Services close to people  
(local/regional)

### What can be done





<http://natura2000.eea.europa.eu/>



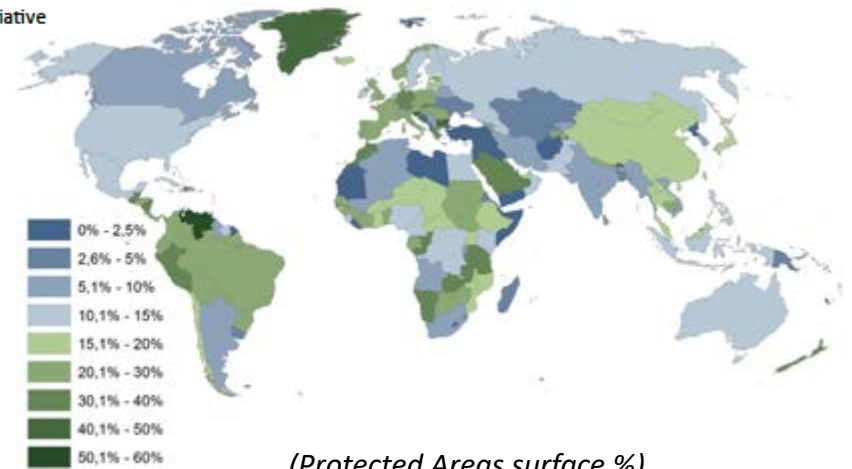
e-shape

EuroGEO

GEO ECO  
The GEO Global Ecosystem Initiative

**Extend knowledge and products' use to other Protected Areas**

Protected Areas in the World



*(Protected Areas surface %)*





## “The last mile”

**Coordinate efforts** – support a long lasting framework to give continuity to projects’ research - role of LifeWatch ERIC and eLter RI

Support **long living and authoritative EO services** that provide a unique entry point for accessing EO services

Increase **dissemination** and **capacity building** efforts / enlarge the pool of **potential users** (NATURA 2000 – International networks of PAs..)

Create **support services** that are easily accessible and close to users at national / local level

# Thanks a lot!!

Muito obrigada!! Muchas gracias! Merci !! Grazie!! Mersi!!  
Vielen Danken! Ευχαριστώ! תודה שִׁכְרָא Bedankt!



## ECOPOTENTIAL

Improving future ecosystem benefits through  
Earth Observations



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[www.ecopotential-project.eu](http://www.ecopotential-project.eu)