

Project Title: ECOPOTENTIAL: IMPROVING FUTURE ECOSYSTEM

BENEFITS THROUGH EARTH OBSERVATIONS

**Project number:** 641762

Project Acronym: ECOPOTENTIAL

**Proposal full title:** IMPROVING FUTURE ECOSYSTEM BENEFITS THROUGH EARTH

**OBSERVATIONS** 

**Type:** Research and innovation actions

Work program topics SC5-16-2014: "Making Earth Observation and Monitoring Data

addressed: usable for ecosystem modelling and services"

Deliverable No: 12.5

Science school (2)

Version: v1

Main Authors: Carl Beierkuhnlein (UBT), Antonello Provenzale (CNR),

Mariasilvia Giamberini (CNR)







# **Table of Contents**

1. Ex	recutive summary	3
	COPOTENTIAL Science School (La Palma)	
2.1		
2.2	Participation	4
2.3	Projects developed during the Science School	4
3. E0	COPOTENTIAL Alpine Summer School (Valsavarenche, Italy)	5
3.1	General description	5
3.2	Organisation	5
3.3	Detailed programme: lecturers and topics of the Alpine Summer School	7



# 1. Executive summary

In this deliverable we describe the two ECOPOTENTIAL schools held in 2016: La Palma School and Valsavarenche "Alpine Summer School" on "Cross-Scale Interactions in the Coupled Geosphere-Biosphere System".

The second science school of the ECOPOTENTIAL project was held from 11<sup>th</sup> until 25<sup>th</sup> of March on La Palma, the North-Western Island of the Canaries, Spain. The island and its protected areas is one of the sites of interest of the project. A combination of 21 students and 4 lecturers gathered to conduct field work and teaching courses, combined to discuss highly important concerns in the face of global change. The deliverable contains a short description of the activities carried on by the school participants.

The "Alpine Summer School" on "Cross-Scale Interactions in the Coupled Geosphere-Biosphere System" took place in Valsavarenche, a village located inside the territory of the National Park of Gran Paradiso (GPNP), which also is one of the sites of interest of the project. Fourteen teachers, four seminar speakers, twenty-five students from eleven countries attended the School from 15 to 24 June 2016. The School aimed at providing young researchers — in particular doctorate students — with an up-to-date interdisciplinary course presenting a quantitative approach to the physical, chemical, geological, biological and ecological principles of geosphere-biosphere interactions on multiple spatial and temporal scales, focusing on the role of Earth Observations and of modelling approaches.



# 2. ECOPOTENTIAL Science School (La Palma)

## 2.1 General description

The Science School organized by the University of Bayreuth in the frame of ECOPOTENTIAL Project, was offered this year on La Palma, the North-Western Island of the Canaries. The science school took place from 11<sup>th</sup> until 25<sup>th</sup> of March.

The Science School offers students the opportunity to get an exclusive view of the diverse ecosystems of the island. The field experience challenged the students to address ecological issues while dealing with variable environmental conditions. Field work and teaching courses are combined to discuss highly important concerns in the face of global change.

## 2.2 Participation

A total of 21 students attended the Science School. Lecturers invited to the science school for various courses:

- Prof. Dr. Anke Jentsch (University of Bayreuth)
- Dr. Severin Irl (University of Bayreuth)
- Prof. Dr. Lawrence Walker (University of Nevada, Las Vegas)
- Prof. Dr. Peter White (University of North Carolina)



Figure 1. View of the vegetation structure of the National Park in La Palma, Spain.

## 2.3 Projects developed during the Science School

Students organized themselves in groups of 3 people each, and conducted research on their own about one of the following Topics: Succession on Novel Bedrock, the Laurel Forest Paradox, Cloud Value, Fire





Engineering, Altitudinal Gradients, Island Treeline and Lava Succession. Some preparation before the field work was necessary; in which each group prepared a hypothesis that will be filled with the gathered data during the Science School.

On the first two days, the entire group travelled across the island together to get a primary understanding of the projects of the other groups. After that, each group conducted their own research to answer their hypothesis. On the 24<sup>th</sup> of March, the students and lecturers got together again to learn about the progress the each group made. During the time on La Palma the first part of a Scientific Writing Course offered in combination with the Science School also took place.

# 3. ECOPOTENTIAL Alpine Summer School (Valsavarenche, Italy)

## 3.1 General description

The "Alpine Summer School" on "Cross-Scale Interactions in the Coupled Geosphere-Biosphere System" took place from June 15<sup>th</sup> to June 24<sup>th</sup> in Valsavarenche, a village located inside the territory of the National Park of Gran Paradiso (GPNP), which also is one of the sites of interest of the project.

The school has been organised by CNR in the frame of the ECOPOTENTIAL project. It aimed at providing young researchers – in particular doctorate students – with an up-to-date interdisciplinary course presenting a quantitative approach to the physical, chemical, geological, biological and ecological principles of geosphere-biosphere interactions on multiple spatial and temporal scales, focusing on the role of Earth Observations and of modelling approaches.

Fourteen teachers, four seminar speakers and twenty-five students from eleven countries have attended it. The school gave a broad but also detailed insight into quantitative approaches to the physical, chemical, geological, biological and ecological principles of geosphere-biosphere interactions with particular attention not only on the dynamic of our Planet but also on the pressures that anthropic activities are placing on natural ecosystems and environments, with the related danger of losing essential ecosystem services. In addition, the students had the opportunity to present their own research projects and receive valuable feedback from the experts and enabled a vivid exchange of information and ideas.

The School had no registration fees as it was funded by ECOPOTENTIAL fundings.

All the information can be found on the website: www.to.isac.cnr.it/aosta

## 3.2 Organisation

A total of 25 students attended the Alpine Summer School. 14 Lecturers and 4 seminar speakers were invited to provide courses:

#### Directors of the school:

Antonello Provenzale, Institute of Geosciences and Earth Resources, CNR, Pisa, Italy; Coordinator of ECOPOTENTIAL.

Carl Beierkuhnlein, Chair of Biogeography, University of Bayreuth, Germany, Co-coordinator of ECOPOTENTIAL.

### **Scientific Secretary:**

Ilaria Baneschi, Institute of Geosciences and Earth Resources, CNR, Pisa, Italy

#### Scientific coordination of the School:

Jost von Hardenberg - CNR-ISAC, Torino, Italy





## Joel Sommeria - LEGI-CNRS, Grenoble, France

## Scientific Council of the School:

- D. Anfossi, CNR-ISAC, Torino;
- B. Bassano, PNGP, Torino;
- G. Boffetta, Università di Torino;
- A. Colin de Verdière, LPO, Brest;
- F. D'Andrea, LMD-ENS, Paris; M. Gatto, Politecnico di Milano;
- M. Ghil, TAO-ENS, Paris;
- J. von Hardenberg, CNR-ISAC, Torino;
- H. Le Treut, IPSL, Paris;
- E. Palazzi, CNR-ISAC, Torino;
- A. Provenzale, CNR-IGG, Pisa;
- G. Roth, Univ. di Genova;
- J. Sommeria, LEGI, Grenoble;
- I. Zin, LTHE, Grenoble;



Figure 2. View of the Nivolet plain in Gran Paradiso National Park.





## 3.3 Detailed programme: lecturers and topics of the Alpine Summer School

## **LECTURERS**:

Alberto Basset - University of Salento, Italy

Mara Baudena -Utrecht University, The NetherlandsCarl Beierkuhnlein -University of Bayreuth, Germany

Alessandro Chiarucci - University of Bologna, Italy
Francesco D'Ovidio - LOCEAN, Paris, France

**Ghada El Serafy -** DELTARES, The Netherlands

Elisabetta Erba - University of Milano, Italy

Klaus Fraedrich - Max-Planck-Institut für Meteorologie, Hamburg,

Germany

Arnon Karnieli - Ben Gurion University, Beer Sheva, Israel

**Tim Lenton -** University of Exeter, United Kingdom

**Stefano Poli -** University of Milano, Italy

**Antonello Provenzale -** CNR-IGG, Italy

**Leonard A. Smith -** London School of Economics, United Kingdom

Ariane Walz - University of Potsdam, Germany

Seminar speakers:

Chiara Boschi - IGG-CNR, Pisa, Italy
Elisa Palazzi - ISAC-CNR, Torino, Italy
Jost von Hardenberg - ISAC-CNR, Torino, Italy

Niv de Malach / Moshe Shachak - Ben Gurion University, Beer Sheva, Israel

## **TOPICS:**

#### **Alberto Basset**

Spatial components of size allometries and their expected relationship with climate change

## Mara Baudena

- Forests, savannas, and grasslands: bridging the knowledge gap between ecology and Dynamic Global Vegetation Models
- Plant-plant Interactions as a driver of biodiversity and community

## Carl Beierkuhnlein

- Communities Catchments Landscapes: Linking ecosystem fluxes and environmental change across scales
- Sampling approaches at different scales: Challenges and pitfalls





#### **Alessandro Chiarucci**

Cross-scale patterns and measurements in biodiversity

#### Francesco D'Ovidio

Unveiling the dynamical landscape of pelagic ecosystems

## **Ghada El Serafy**

Dealing with uncertainties in ecological modelling and forecasting systems

## Elisabetta Erba

- The carbon cycle in the ocean: atmosphere- hydrosphere-biosphere-geosphere interactions at short- and medium- term
- The surface organic and inorganic C cycles at long-term: sedimentation in the oceans

### Klaus Fraedrich

Along the rainfall-runoff chain:

- A set of parsimonious models: rainfall, runoff, radiation
- Change and attribution: biosphere and biodiversity

#### **Arnon Karnieli**

· Change detection - methods and applications

#### **Tim Lenton**

- Revolutions that made the Earth about the coupled history of life and the planet
- Anthropocene about whether humans are causing a new revolution for the Earth system
- Early warning of climate tipping points

#### Stefano Poli

- The long-term carbon cycle: feeding the reservoirs of volatile elements in the Earth interior
- Earth degassing: long- and short-term processes governing the release of CO2, H2O, and other abiotic gas species to the atmosphere

### **Antonello Provenzale**

- Terrestrial vegetation response to intermittent drivers: a conceptual modelling approach
- Mesoscale turbulence and its effects on the marine ecosystem

#### Leonard A. Smith

From Termites and Penguins to Blocking and the Andes: Interpreting Models of the Earth System



### **Ariane Walz**

Recent approaches in cross-scale ecosystem research

## **Seminars**

### Mara Baudena

Revealing patterns of species richness along environmental gradients with a novel network tool

#### Chiara Boschi

• The role of the weathering of the rocks and carbonate precipitation in the long-term carbon-cycle

## Jost von Hardenberg

• Global Climate Models and cross-scale interactions

#### Niv de Malach / Moshe Shahack

The role of organisms as ecosystem engineers in coupling geosphere-biosphere systems

### Elisa Palazzi

 Observations and modelling of the hydrological cycle in the mountain regions: precipitation, snow and elevation-dependent warming

## Jose Manuel Redondo

Multifractal-scaling-in the Environment